

panel in the ‘Options’ menu. At the bottom of the window there is a status line which is used to show the current maximum ensemble size, number and order of services, the current number of colors (if any), and other kinds of information. An asterisk ‘*’ at the end of the status line indicates that the graph has been modified and has not yet been saved.

The graph shown in the window can be edited with the mouse as follows:

- The left mouse button is used to mark nodes, either by clicking on an individual node, or by clicking and dragging a rectangular “rubberband.” When used together with the CTRL key, one can also toggle the selection state of nodes and extend the current selection.
- The middle mouse button is used to drag a single unmarked node or the currently marked nodes to a new position. A component of the graph can be moved by pressing SHIFT and dragging any node in the component. The entire graph can be moved with the CTRL modifier, by clicking with the left mouse button anywhere inside the window and dragging the point indicated by the dotted axes to a new position.
- The right mouse button pops up a context menu which lets one create and delete individual nodes and edges, inspect and edit node properties, delete and edit marked areas and zoom the graph display.
 - A new node is created at a free position in the window with the ‘Create node’ option from the popup menu.
 - To create an edge, one clicks on the source node, selects the ‘Create edge’ option, and then moves the pointer to the position of the target node (or a free position, in which case a new target node is created).
 - To delete a node or edge, one clicks on it, then selects the ‘Delete node’ resp. ‘Delete edge’ option.
 - Node properties can be viewed and edited with the ‘Node properties...’ option.
 - To delete the subgraph induced by the marked nodes, one clicks on a marked node and selects the ‘Delete subgraph’ option. Similarly, choosing ‘Edit area...’ allows to edit the common requirements and ensembles of the marked nodes.
 - Finally, one can click on any position in the window and choose a zoom command to zoom the display around the given position. ‘Zoom in’ makes the graph larger, ‘Zoom out’ makes it smaller. (Another frequently-used zoom command is ‘Fit to window’ in the View menu which picks the appropriate zoom factor to make the whole graph fit into the window.)